

CHAMP: Community Health Access to Addiction and Mental Healthcare Project *Overcoming Barriers to Care*

Lynn Goldberg, LCSW
CHAMP Project Specialist
NYS Council for Community Behavioral Healthcare

Agenda

- What's the Problem?
- CHAMP: A Free, Confidential Resource for All New Yorkers
- Parity Timeline
- Health Insurance 101
- Questions/Discussion
- Resources



CHAMP: Overcoming Barriers to Care





Stigma – Impact

Mental Health and Substance Use Disorders are associated with **SHAME** and **POORER TREATMENT OUTCOMES** (Perlick, Rosenheck, Clarkin, Sirey et. al., 2001).

Negative public perceptions

- people with MH/SUD are unpredictable and dangerous
- SUD/MH conditions are self-inflicted

Stigma - Impact

Deaths by Suicide

- increased by 28.8 percent between 1999 and 2016 (CDC, 2017)
- 2nd leading cause of death ages 13-19
- 4th leading cause of death ages 35 54
- 2/3 of death by suicide individuals never received help

Stigma + lack of information = no treatment/death

Costs of Care = Reduced Access

- Access to Mental Health and Substance Use Disorder care has been subject to restrictive requirements by health insurers
- Mental Health and Substance Use Disorder Treatment costs consumers
 - Individuals forced to go out-of-network for MH/SUD care more than for medical/surgical care
 - MH/SUD providers paid less than medical/surgical providers for exact same procedure codes
 - Disparities worsened from 2013 to 2015 (Milliman 2015)
- 6 Settlements by New York Attorney General against New York health plans (2014-2016) found widespread parity violations, despite parity laws in place

Insurance Laws are Complex

Commercial Insurance versus Medicaid Insurance Access

- Adults with SUD who have Medicaid twice likely to access treatment than those with commercial insurance (Kaiser)
- Less access to care among adults with serious mental health with private vs. Medicaid (Weissman Psychiatric Services)

More Consumers are Seeking Help (CSS CHA)

- # of clients w/ SUD has more than doubled since 2013
- SUD clients 5X more likely to need help appealing service denials (25% of SUD clients vs. 5% for all others)
- These cases can involve complex parity issues, with a lack of knowledge and understanding of parity laws by providers and consumers

2018: CHAMP

- NYS Legislature created a statewide Ombudsman program to help consumers & providers with health insurance coverage for MH / SUD services—1.5 Million in the NYS Budget 2018 and 2019
- Program overseen by OASAS in consultation with OMH
- OASAS & OMH contracted with Community Service Society (CSS) to oversee the program and operate a Helpline
- Program named CHAMP (<u>Community Health access to Addiction and Mental healthcare Project</u>)
- CHAMP HELPLINE 888-614-5400—FREE & CONFIDENTIAL
- Ombuds@oasas.ny.gov

Do You Need Help Accessing Addiction or Mental Health Care?

Community Health Access to Addiction and Mental Healthcare Project (CHAMP) can help you:

- KNOW your insurance rights
- FIGHT insurance denials for mental health and addiction care
- CHALLENGE insurance barriers & discrimination
- GET the most from your coverage
- RECEIVE fair reimbursement



- LEARN about options for low-cost care for the uninsured
- AND MUCH MORE!

So you can access treatment for mental health & substance use disorders, including medication.

Call our Helpline (888) 614-5400

Helpline Hours: Monday-Friday, 9 a.m. - 4 p.m.



CHAMP

- Community Service Society (CSS) operates several independent statewide health insurance assistance programs serving 100,000 New Yorkers annually
 - Central Hub CSS
 - Specialists: NYS Council for Community Behavioral Healthcare (NYS Council), Medicare Rights Center
 - Five CBOs: Adirondack Health Institute (North); Community Action of Staten Island (NYC); Family and Children's Association (LI); Family Counseling Services of Cortland County (CNY); Save the Michaels of the World (WNY)
 - All payers & uninsured
 - Regardless of age, immigration status, language



CHAMP Helpline 888.614.5400



AGENCY	COUNTIES	PHONE NUMBER
Adirondack Health Institute	Clinton, Essex, Franklin, Fulton, Humilton, Northern Sanstaga, St. Lawrence, Warren, and Washington	518.480.0111
Community Health Action of Staten Island	Staten Island	718.808.1840
Family and Children's Association	Nacras and Suffsik	516.746.0350
 Family Counceling Services of Cortland County 	Broome, Cortland, Madison, and Tinga	607.753.0234
Save the Michaels of the World	Allegary, Catturaugus, Chautaugus, Eerie, Genecee, Nagara, Orleans, and Wyoming.	716.984.8375
Legal Action Center*	New York State	212.243.1313
Medicare Rights Center*	New York State	800.333.4114
NYS Council for Community Behavioral Healthcare*	New York State	518.445.2642
Community Service Society of New York*	New York Diste	888.614.5400



CHAMP

What can CHAMP Do?

- Community Education
- Rights to Care
- Outreach & Engagement
- Training and Technical **Assistance**
- **Complex Casework**
- Appeals/Fair Hearings
- Sentinel Trends
- Case Examples

CHAMP Helpline

New York State's Community Health Access to Addiction & Mental Healthcare Project

A program to help you get the most from your insurance benefits.



Are you having trouble getting the substance use disorder or mental health services that you need? CHAMP can help!

ombuds@oasas.ny.gov

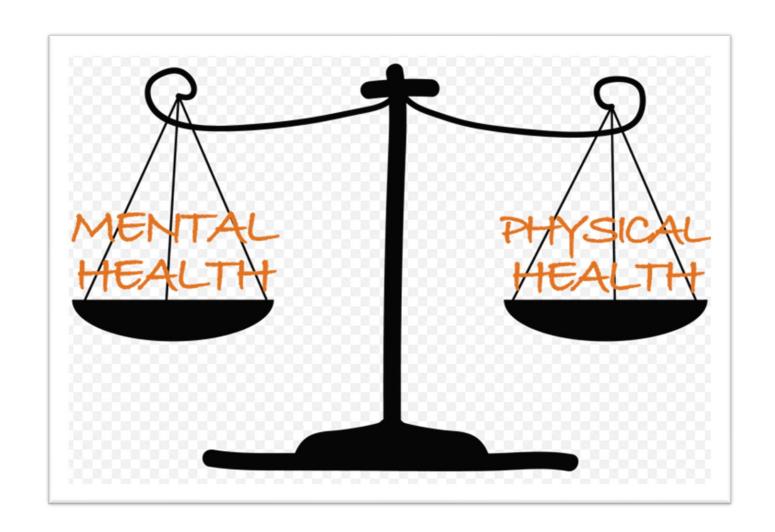




How Does CHAMP Help?

- Switching or enrolling in insurance coverage
- Understanding what MH and SUD benefits are covered by the client's insurance and how to access them
- Finding MH and SUD providers
- Providing referrals
- Assisting client with obtaining needed approvals (such as prior authorization, additional services, and out-of-network services)
- Appealing denials of MH and SUD services and medications
- Identifying parity violations and other sentinel issues

Mental Health & SUD Parity



What is Parity?

Insurance companies may not impose greater financial and other restrictions for mental health and addiction care than they do for physical health care.

This may include:

- Co-pays and co-insurance
- Out of network benefits
- Provider reimbursement for the same procedures
- Treatment limits

Parity Timeline

- > 2006: NY Timothy's Law- Mental Health Parity
- > 2008: Federal Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act (MHPAEA)
- > 2010: Affordable Care Act— Expanded Parity, Essential Health Benefits
- 2014: New York updates UR requirements in response to Opioid Crisis
- ➤ 2016: More New York changes: no PA for bedded treatment, access to MAT, OASAS to designate level of care tool (LOCADTR)
- 2019: New York updates requirements for Medication Assisted Treatment, Inpatient and Outpatient prior approval and concurrent review, co-pay requirements, adolescent mental health inpatient, ASD treatment, and more

Health Insurance



Insurance Terms

- Appeal the process where an insurer's decision to not cover a service is reviewed
- Cost sharing this is money the covered person has agreed to pay when receiving services or prior to insurance taking effect, e.g. copayment, coinsurance or deductible.
- Covered insurance will pay for services
- Medical Necessity—there is a demonstrated need for the service
- Network providers who are contracted with an insurer to provide services at a mutually agreed upon rate
- Utilization review an insurer or their agent looks at a service to determine
 if it is medically needed and appropriate, including review of medical
 records, clinical consultations, before, during or after services are rendered.

Medical Necessity

Medical Necessity: demonstrating that health care services that a health care provider, exercising prudent clinical judgment, would provide to a patient.

The service must be:

- For the purpose of evaluating, diagnosing, or treating an illness, injury, disease, or its symptoms
- In accordance with the generally accepted standards of medical practice
- Clinically appropriate, in terms of type, frequency, extent, site, and duration, and considered effective for the patient's illness, injury, or disease
- Not primarily for the convenience of the patient, health care provider, or other physicians or health care providers.

Utilization Review

Utilization Review (UR)— the procedure that the insurance company employes to review a service to determine if it is clinically needed and therefore should be covered. **Determining that it meets Medical Necessity**

- For SUD: Level of Care for Alcohol and Drug Treatment Referral (LOCADTR)
- There are several types of UR and each has its own time frames:
 - Pre-Authorization
 - Concurrent Review
 - Retrospective Review
 - Formulary Exception
 - Step Therapy Overrides



In-Network vs. Out of Network

In Network – a provider has a contract with the health plan and agrees to deliver services to plan members in accordance with that contract. Plans can limit coverage to those providers that they contract with.

Out Of Network (OON)— the provider does not have a contract to provide services to health plan members.

- If Plan: 1. Covers BH services, and 2. covers OON for Medical/surgical then they need to cover for BH;
- Generally some only provide coverage for ER services that are appropriately licensed;
- May require prior authorization; failure to obtain PA may mean you will have a higher cost share because reimbursement will be less.
- May require appeal process;



Getting Coverage for OON Providers

Strategies for Maximizing the Chance of Coverage:

- During PA and/or appeals process explain why the OON service is different and more beneficial than what is available in network and more beneficial than the in network services
- Obtain supporting documentation
- Complete your insurance claim form and submit it along with the SUD/MH health provider's invoice to get reimbursed
- If you are unsure about your health plan's claim procedures for out of network providers, contact your insurance company

Appeals

Appeal—asking the insurer to reconsider their decision that something was not medically necessary and therefore will not be covered (adverse determination). Strict time frames apply, depending on the type of appeal.

- Internal the insurer has a different clinical peer reviewer look at the request and decide if their decision was correct (upheld) or incorrect (overturn).
- External You request an outside entity to review the clinical information and plan decision by submitting an External Appeal application to the Department of Financial Services.

Who can request an appeal?

Provider—Patient—Designee

Who makes the decision?

A clinical peer reviewer—a physician or someone with the same specialty as
the provider

The provider
Office of Addiction & Office of Mental Health Services and Supports

Medications

Step Therapy protocol for medications—sequence for prescribing medications. Must use evidence based clinical reviewed criteria to make this decision. You can request a step-therapy override.

Formulary Exception—the medication you need is not on the insurer's formulary. If your request for such medication is denied, you can submit an external appeal specific to MH/SUD medications in 24 hours

Tiering– different levels of medications with increasing patient cost sharing arrangement, if re-tiering so that will cost you more, the plan has to notify you.

Generic Medication—you may pay more for the brand name OR the brand name may be removed from the formulary completely and not be covered (advance notice required). You CAN request a formulary exception.

What plans are not covered by NY State laws?

- 1. Self-Funded or ERISA (Employee Retirement Income Security Act) plans Employer/employment group designs benefit package to meet group needs while also controlling costs, instead of purchasing coverage from a health insurance plan
 - Federally regulated
 - Not subject to state laws/regulations
 - Employer may hire third party to handle day to day operations of the benefit administration
 - Not ERISA State and local government plans, church plans. Municipal Corporations are subject to NYS laws.
- 2. Policy is issued outside of New York State (large multi-state or national businesses). Policy might come from another state and be subject to that state's insurance laws.

How do I know if a plan is covered by NY State laws?

New York regulated insurers:

https://myportal.dfs.ny.gov/web/guest-applications/ins.-company-search

Discussion



Resources

- Find Addiction Treatment
 https://findaddictiontreatment.ny.gov/
- ATC Directory: https://www.oasas.ny.gov/atc/directory.cfm
- CHAMP Helpline / email:
 888-614-5400 / ombuds@oasas.ny.gov

Resources

NYS Office of Mental Health Program Directory https://my.omh.ny.gov/bi/pd/saw.dll?PortalPages

Mental Health Information for Children, Teens, and Families https://www.omh.ny.gov/omhweb/childservice/

Substance Use Disorder Resources for Adolescents and Youth https://www.oasas.ny.gov/treatment/adolescent/index.cfm

Resources

OnTrackNY (NY's First Episode Psychosis Program)
https://www.ontrackny.org/

Suicide Prevention Lifeline
https://suicidepreventionlifeline.org/talk-to-someone-now/
1-800-273-8255

Crisis Text Line
https://www.crisistextline.org/
Text "Got5" to 741-741

Youth Power! (Youth Peer Advocacy) http://www.youthpowerny.org/

Lynn Goldberg, LCSW
CHAMP Project Specialist
NYS Council for Community Behavioral Healthcare
518-281-2315

Lynn@nyscouncil.org

CHAMP HELPLINE – 888-614-5400

Ombudsman email – Ombuds@oasas.ny.gov